PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2020 and 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Advisory Board of the **PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY** 2808 Main Street Springfield, MA 01107

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority, a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison information for the enterprise fund, for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on page 4, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liabilities and Related Ratios, Schedule of Pension Contributions, Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liabilities and Related Ratios, and Schedule of OPEB Contributions, on pages 38 to 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's basic financial statements. The supplementary information on page 46 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2020, on our consideration of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ADELSON & COMPANY PC

Adelson + Company PC

September 17, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

As the Administrator of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority (the Authority), I offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The Authority owns, manages, and has direct capital responsibilities for rolling stock, facilities and equipment. Currently, the Authority has a total of 373 revenue vehicles in its inventory that fall into categories such as articulated buses, transit buses, cutaway buses and minivans. The Authority uses nine facilities in the provision of its transit services, of which it has direct capital responsibility for seven. Equipment includes non-revenue support vehicles, passenger waiting shelters and other equipment which is divided into two categories: facilities critical equipment and support equipment. Through the Authority's Transit Asset Management Plan (TAM Plan), the Authority has established and maintains an investment strategy to ensure its capital assets are kept in a state of good repair. State of good repair is defined as the condition in which a capital asset is able to operate at its intended level of performance throughout its useful life

Impact of COVID-19 on the Authority's Fiscal Year 2020 Operations

The Authority began operating reduced weekday service with reduced service hours beginning March 23, 2020. Fixed route ridership fell by 35.7% in March due to the mobility and employment restrictions imposed in response to the pandemic. System-wide ridership fell to a low of 25% of typical ridership levels during the pandemic. Paratransit ridership decreased by approximately 80%. To ensure the safety of our drivers and passengers, the Authority instituted rear-door-only boarding and began waiving fares on March 23, 2020. Front-door boarding and fare collection resumed on July 19, 2020 for the Springfield and Northampton service areas, while rear-door-only boarding remained in effect in the UMass service area until the start of school on August 24, 2020 when front door boarding resumed.

The Authority instituted a number of measures to address the impacts of the pandemic including: modified operating schedules, route modification to address demand or changing conditions, acquisition of new cleaning technologies, increased time spent on cleaning and disinfection of vehicles, modified seating and rider traffic patterns, requiring drivers and riders to wear a nose and mouth covering, and various other measures.

The Authority's operating costs due to the pandemic are expected to continue to increase as the economy recovers and ridership increases slowly. The fares lost from March through June had a significant impact on the operation of the Authority. As the economy recovers it is expected that it will take years for the Authority to regain ridership and financial stability. The Authority has lost approximately \$1.8 million dollars in fare revenue since March including revenue losses associated with contracted services related to educational institutions. Although service was reduced, the service contractors had to be paid at full service levels due to the collective bargaining agreements in place. While reduced expenses have been experienced for fuel and wear and tear on the vehicles and equipment, benefits and payroll had to be paid to employees of the Authority at 37.5 hours a week as well as all contracted employees based on 40 hours per week as required by collective bargaining agreements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

COVID-19 and the Fiscal Year 2021 Budget

The Authority's fiscal year 2021 budget approved by the Advisory Board is not fully funded as the State does not have an approved budget as of yet, fare collection has been affected by reduced ridership levels, and the continued impact of COVID-19 on the communities we serve. The Authority has made the following assumptions for fiscal year 2021 as it pertains to the approved budget: State Contract Assistance (SCA) is level funded at fiscal year 2020 levels; local assessments funded at 100%; fare revenue collection at 42%; advertisement at 25%; other subsidy at 31%. Expenses for fiscal year 2021 will include additional monthly increases in labor associated with additional cleaning and disinfecting of the vehicles, overtime expenses due to workforce levels and quarantine as well as the additional costs of purchasing protective personal equipment and direct cleaning/disinfecting products. Fare recovery for fiscal year 2021 for July and August was showing a slower than normal progression while passengers return to the new "normal".

As of the beginning of fiscal year 2021 most of the universities, colleges and schools have not reopened to inperson learning but rather to virtual. Students have not returned to campus showing a drastic decline in ridership on the fixed routes serving the University of Massachusetts at Amherst as well as the Five Colleges. Cash fares and pass sales have also declined reflecting the level of ridership, and although ridership in the fixed route system has seen an increase since the re-opening of the State, it is at 42% of last year's ridership during the same period, creating a deficit in revenue since the start of the fiscal year. It is still unknown as to when educational institutions will reopen to in-classroom learning therefore the Authority cannot predict the true impact of revenue loss due to COVID-19.

Advertising revenue has declined and it is expected to be lower than previous years due to contract cancellations during COVID-19 and advertisers hesitant to advertise.

The Authority's other subsidies include funding for Travel Training, Beyond ADA service as well as specialized service such as the LOOP, may not be at the budgeted level, as Travel Training has not returned to full learning, communities are slow to fully reopen senior centers and the MGM Springfield Casino is opened to limited hours and social distancing protocols.

Federal CARES Act Funding

During fiscal year 2020, the Authority was awarded federal operating assistance under the Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act through an existing federal program 49 USC Section 5307. The funding is to cover eligible operating expenses and other costs, net of fare revenue, incurred as part of the Authority's response to COVID-19 beginning on or after January 20, 2020. Per the CARES Act and the awarding contract, the funding covers 100% of eligible expenses and does not require state or local matches.

The following contract was awarded to the Authority:

			Total	Funds Spent		Remaining
	Performance		Contract	in Fiscal		Contract
	Period	_	Amount	 Year 2020	_	Amount
Federal CARES Act Funding						
Federal Section 5307	January 20, 2020 until spent	\$	36,615,416	\$ 1,771,285	\$	34,844,131

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2020 by \$70,760,846.
- The total operating revenue decreased \$1,837,175 or 24.4% from fiscal year 2019.
- The total operating expenses decreased \$7,548,384 or 13.9% from fiscal year 2019. A large portion of this decrease is related to the change (reduction) in the Authority's net pension liabilities of \$397,103 and other postemployment benefits liabilities of \$1,390,706, which are based on actuarial valuations.
- The Authority's net cost of service, after applying operating assistance and revenues, for eligible reimbursable expenses for fiscal year 2020 was \$34,655,421. The net cost of service was funded with local assessments of \$9,171,583 and state contract assistance of \$25,483,838. The calculation of the net cost of service can be found on page 46 of this report.
- The Authority expended \$13,171,593 on capital assets, which were mostly funded with federal and state capital grants.

The Authority's operations are funded annually through a state required computation of the net cost of service. Except for the establishment of a restricted reserve, as allowed under Massachusetts General Laws, the Authority's funding cannot exceed its net cost of service.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements, which consist of the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements. The Authority is a special purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. As such, its financial statements consist of only those required for enterprise funds and notes to the financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 9 through 37 of this report. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents the schedule of changes in net pension liabilities and related ratios, schedule of pension contributions, the schedule of changes in net other postemployment benefits liabilities and related ratios, and the schedule of other postemployment benefit contributions, which are required supplemental information. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 38 to 45 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Government Financial Analysis

The Authority's net position consists almost exclusively of its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, revenue vehicles and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide fixed route and paratransit services to individuals within its service area; consequently, these net assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt, if any, must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Authority currently has no capital lease obligations or capital debt. A summary of the Authority's net position is as follows:

Summary of Net Position

	 6/30/2020		6/30/2019
Total current assets	\$ 23,638,604	\$	26,524,768
Investment in Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC	3,982,536		3,981,884
Property and equipment, net	110,958,935		118,846,735
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,147,269		2,686,681
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits	 16,662		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	 140,744,006	_	152,040,068
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	8,581,880		10,990,442
Note payable	13,000,000		13,100,000
Net pension liabilities	3,292,932		4,713,360
Accrued other post employment benefits	32,797,853		40,598,463
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,168,393		684,480
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits	 11,142,102		4,715,537
Total liabilities	69,983,160		74,802,282
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	114,941,471		122,828,619
Restricted reserve	1,580,175		1,580,175
Unrestricted	 (45,760,800)	_	(47,171,008)
Total net position	\$ 70,760,846	\$	77,237,786

The Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$70,760,846 at the close of fiscal year 2020. An additional portion of the Authority's net position, shown as "restricted reserve", represents resources that are subject to approval of the Secretary of Transportation. As of June 30, 2020, the Authority's reserve for extraordinary expenses was \$1,580,175. Unrestricted net position represents funds that may be used to fund current operations. During fiscal year 2020, the Authority's unrestricted net position increased a net amount of \$1,410,208 from fiscal year 2019 for a total negative unrestricted balance of \$(45,760,800) at June 30, 2020. The negative unrestricted net position of \$(45,760,800) is a result of the Authority reporting its projected long-term obligations for its net pension liabilities of \$2,314,056 and other post employment benefits liabilities of \$43,923,293. The recognition of these long-term liabilities, which are estimates based on actuarial valuations, are non-reimbursable at this time. Unrestricted net position before the recognition of these liabilities is a positive \$475,549 at June 30, 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A summary of the Authority's revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position is as follows:

Summary of Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

						Increase
	_	6/30/2020	_	6/30/2019	((Decrease)
Total operating revenues	\$	5,689,493	\$	7,526,668	\$	(1,837,175)
Total operating expenses	_	46,534,792		54,083,176		(7,548,384)
Operating income (loss)		(40,845,299)		(46,556,508)		5,711,209
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		42,633,108		41,570,007		1,063,101
Income (loss) before capital contributions and other items		1,787,809		(4,986,501)		6,774,310
Capital contributions		12,794,644		18,024,710		(5,230,066)
Nonreimbursable depreciation	_	(21,059,393)		(19,971,691)		(1,087,702)
Change in net position		(6,476,940)		(6,933,482)		456,542
Net assets, beginning		77,237,786		84,171,268		(6,933,482)
Net position, ending	\$	70,760,846	\$	77,237,786	\$	(6,476,940)

Operating revenues decreased \$(1,837,175) or 24.4% from the prior year comprised of a decrease in farebox revenue of \$(1,622,209), decrease in paratransit revenue of \$(207,686), and a decrease in shuttle service revenue of \$(7,280). These decreases are due to the COVID-19 pandemic's effects on transit ridership associated with the Governor's Executive Orders to shelter in place.

Operating expenses decreased \$(7,548,384) or 13.9% from the prior year primarily due to the following:

• Fixed route service expenses decreased by \$(5,742,748) resulting from the following: the Authority's adjustment to decrease (or recover) its net pension and other post employment benefit liabilities was \$2,244,714 for fiscal year 2020. The adjustment to the net pension and other post employment benefit liabilities for fiscal year 2019 was an increase (or expense) of \$4,088,704. Accordingly, the overall decrease in fixed route service expenses from the prior year due to the change in these liabilities was \$(6,333,418) reduction. This adjustment is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and is based on actuarial valuations performed by Odyssey Advisors. This adjustment is a non-reimbursable cost (recovery) at this time. The remaining increase of \$590,670 in fixed route service expense is mainly due to the COVID-19 pandemic administrative leave and additional labor associated with the Authorities response to the pandemic.

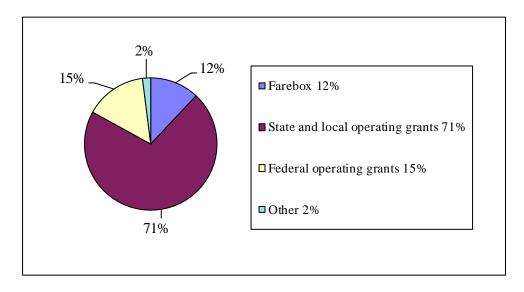
Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Paratransit service decreased by \$(911,761) primarily due to a combination of several factors including: the decrease in operations associated with the COVID 19 pandemic, the relocation of the contractor to the Authority's owned transit facility and the penalties incurred when performance standards were not met.
- Administrative salaries, taxes and fringe benefits decreased by \$(1,044,434) resulting from the following: the Authority's adjustment to increase its net pension and other post employment benefit liabilities was \$456,904 (expense) for fiscal year 2020. The adjustment to the net pension and other post employment benefit liabilities for fiscal year 2019 was an increase (expense) of \$897,797. Accordingly, the overall decrease in administrative fringe benefits expenses from the prior year due to the change in these liabilities was \$(440,893) reduction. This adjustment is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and is based on actuarial valuations performed by Odyssey Advisors. This adjustment is a non-reimbursable cost at this time. The remaining decrease of \$(603,541) is mainly due to a reduction in pension contributions of \$596,831 over the prior year.
- Other administrative expenses increased by \$97,858 primarily due to an increase in information technology, security, and other services.

Non-operating revenues (expenses) increased \$1,063,101 or 2.5% from the prior year primarily due to an increase in local assessments of \$223,697 as allowed under Massachusetts General Laws, an increase in federal and other assistance of \$478,541, an increase in advertising income of \$33,389, decrease in interest income of \$(18,999), increase in miscellaneous income of \$29,401, and a decrease in interest expense of \$67,172, all offset by an increase in State Operating assistance of \$249,900.

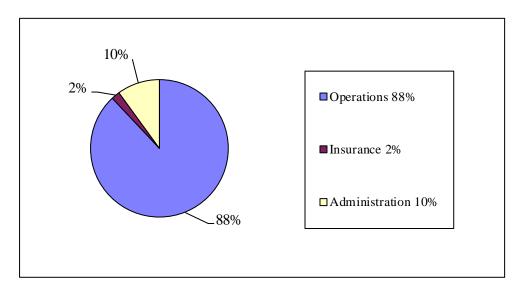
Total Operating and Non-operating Revenues of \$48,532,198 by Source



Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total Operating and Non-operating Expenses of \$46,744,389 by source



Budget vs. Actual - an analysis of significant budget variances (budget versus actual results), including reasons for the variances is as follows:

Revenues

Fare revenues

	FY2020 Actual			FY2020 Budget		Variance + (-)
Fixed route income	\$	5,090,852	\$	7,035,524	\$	(1,944,672)
Paratransit income		586,382		780,140		(193,758)
Shuttle service income		12,259		20,367	_	(8,108)
Total operating income	\$	5,689,493	\$	7,836,031	\$	(2,146,538)

The decrease in revenues are contributed to the COVID-19 pandemic. To maintain the safety of the operators and passengers, the Authority implemented rear boarding from March 23, 2020 to July 19, 2020. This social distancing protocol prevented passengers from paying a fare. During the pandemic, advertising contracts were suspended and/or not renewed. Following the Governor's Executive Order to shelter in place, the universities, colleges and K-12 schools closed in March, therefore the revenue from those contracts for the last quarter of the fiscal year were not realized.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Government and other assistance

	FY2020	FY2020	`	Variance
	Actual	Budget		+ (-)
Federal assistance	\$ 7,055,374	\$ 7,121,866	\$	(66,492)
State contract assistance	25,483,838	25,591,456		(107,618)
Local assistance	9,171,583	9,171,583		

The final budgeted Federal Assistance came in under the budgeted amount by \$66,492. A decrease in State contract assistance of \$107,618 is due to not utilizing the full amount of the \$600,241 MassDOT Discretionary contract by June 30, 2020. The State extended contract period to October 31, 2020.

Other revenues

	FY2020 Actual			FY2020	,	Variance
				Budget		+ (-)
Advertising income	\$	289,959	\$	300,000	\$	(10,041)
Other income		185,894		285,286		(99,392)
Interest income		145,760		165,400		(19,640)

Advertising income came in under budget by \$(10,041) primarily due to not being able to implement the planned van advertising program. Other income came in under budget by \$(99,392) due to not having any gains on sales of assets, which was included in the budget as \$85,000, and less from insurance recoveries than expected by \$18,972, which was included in the budget as \$126,220.

Expenses

	FY2020			FY2020		Variance
	_	Actual	_	Budget	_	+ (-)
Fixed route service expense	\$	34,003,278	\$	36,563,163	\$	2,559,885
Paratransit service expense		8,052,161		9,717,209		1,665,048
Shuttle service expense		241,614		363,655		122,041
Administrative salaries, taxes and fringe benefits		2,386,358		2,589,583		203,225
Other administrative expenses		1,851,381		1,840,541		(10,840)

Fixed route costs came in under budget by \$2,559,885 primarily because of the Authority's adjustment to its net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities. These liabilities are determined through actuarial valuations performed by Odyssey Advisors. The net pension and OPEB liabilities (net of deferred outflows and inflows of resources) decreased by \$2,244,714. This recovery (reduction to expense) included in fixed route costs is non-reimbursable at this time and is therefore not budgeted for. The remaining variance of \$315,171 under budget is related to the reduction in service associated with COVID-19 pandemic.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Paratransit Savings of \$1,665,048 is due to the effects from the COVID-19 pandemic related to the performance of fewer trips than projected.

Shuttle service came in under budget by \$122,041 and is due to the effects of COVID 19 pandemic related to the reduction in service during the shelter in place order.

Administrative salaries, taxes and fringe benefits came in under budget by \$203,225 primarily because of the Authority's adjustment to its net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities. These liabilities are determined through actuarial valuations performed by Odyssey Advisors. The net pension and OPEB liabilities (net of deferred outflows and inflows of resources) increased by \$456,904. This expense is non-reimbursable at this time and is therefore not budgeted for. The remaining variance of \$660,129 under budget is primarily related to wages, health insurance, and pension contributions coming in under.

Capital and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$110,958,935, net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment. The Authority primarily acquires its capital assets under federal and state capital grants. The total purchase of capital assets for the current year was \$13,171,593. Additional information can be found in Note 5 on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

	Capital Assets		
		6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Land	\$	1,965,505	\$ 1,965,505
Buildings and improvements		110,159,951	106,946,012
Revenue vehicles		112,684,314	105,283,629
Equipment		60,278,335	58,129,937
Service vehicles	<u>-</u>	1,806,760	 1,806,760
Total capital assets		286,894,865	274,131,843
Accumulated depreciation	_	(175,935,930)	 (155,285,108)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	110,958,935	\$ 118,846,735

Revenue Anticipation Notes

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the Authority had a revenue anticipation note of \$13,000,000. This note provides operating cash flow until federal, state, and local appropriations are received.

Revolving Line of Credit

The Authority has a \$3,000,000 revolving line of credit, due on demand. The line of credit is secured by the Authority's assets. Interest is at the Prime Rate as published in the Wall Street Journal. The interest rate was 3.25% at June 30, 2020. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$-0-.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Economic Factors

Funding for the Authority's net cost of service (non-capital expenses less all non-capital revenues except state contract assistance and member municipality assessments) is dependent primarily on operating assistance from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (50%), assessments to member municipalities (18%), and federal operating assistance (15%). The balance of the funding comes from farebox revenue, insurance recoveries, interest and advertising revenue. The municipal assessments continue to be funded in arrears (currently 2 years back). This contributes in large part to the Authority's borrowing needs.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions or need additional information, contact Sandra E. Sheehan, Administrator, Pioneer Valley Transit Authority, 2808 Main Street, Springfield, MA 01107.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30,

	2020	2019
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF R	ESOURCES	
Current assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,687,360	\$ 3,165,460
Short-term investments	3,636,854	490,702
Receivables, net	17,776,116	22,278,155
Prepaid expenses	538,274	590,451
Total current assets	23,638,604	26,524,768
Investment in Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC	3,982,536	3,981,884
Property and equipment, net	110,958,935	118,846,735
Total assets	138,580,075	149,353,387
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,147,269	2,686,681
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits	16,662	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,163,931	2,686,681
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	140,744,006	152,040,068
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF I	RESOURCES	
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	5,264,864	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	119,239	
Insurance claims reserve	2,750,000	
Unearned revenue Accrued interest	189,944 257,833	165,634
	13,000,000	325,679
Note payable		
Total current liabilities	21,581,880	24,090,442
Net pension liabilities	3,292,932	4,713,360
Accrued other post employment benefits	32,797,853	40,598,463
Total liabilities	57,672,665	69,402,265
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,168,393	684,480
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits	11,142,102	4,715,537
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,310,495	5,400,017
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	69,983,160	74,802,282
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	114,941,471	122,828,619
Restricted reserve	1,580,175	
Unrestricted	(45,760,800	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 70,760,846	
TOTAL THE TOURING	+ 70,700,040	+ 11,231,100

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Operating revenues	 			<u>, </u>
Fixed route income	\$ 7,035,524	\$ 5,090,852	\$	(1,944,672)
Paratransit income	780,140	586,382		(193,758)
Shuttle service income	 20,367	 12,259		(8,108)
Total operating revenues	 7,836,031	 5,689,493		(2,146,538)
Operating expenses				
Fixed route service	36,563,163	34,003,278		2,559,885
Paratransit service	9,717,209	8,052,161		1,665,048
Shuttle service	363,655	241,614		122,041
Administrative salaries, taxes and fringe benefits	2,589,583	2,386,358		203,225
Other administrative expenses	1,840,541	 1,851,381		(10,840)
Total operating expenses	 51,074,151	 46,534,792		4,539,359
Operating income (loss)	 (43,238,120)	 (40,845,299)		2,392,821
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Government operating assistance				
Federal	7,121,866	7,055,374		(66,492)
Massachusetts	25,591,456	25,483,838		(107,618)
Member communities	9,171,583	9,171,583		
Other assistance	852,993	510,297		(342,696)
Advertising income	300,000	289,959		(10,041)
Other income	285,286	185,894		(99,392)
Interest income	165,400	145,760		(19,640)
Interest expense	 (250,464)	 (209,597)		40,867
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 43,238,120	 42,633,108		(605,012)
Income (loss) before capital contributions				
and other items	\$ 	1,787,809	\$	1,787,809
Contributed capital		12,794,644		
Nonreimbursable depreciation		 (21,059,393)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(6,476,940)		
Net position, beginning		 77,237,786		
NET POSITION, ENDING		\$ 70,760,846		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budget	Actual	I	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Operating revenues	-				
Fixed route income	\$	6,675,565	\$ 6,713,061	\$	37,496
Paratransit income		711,672	794,068		82,396
Shuttle service income		26,028	 19,539		(6,489)
Total operating revenues		7,413,265	 7,526,668		113,403
Operating expenses					
Fixed route service		35,543,634	39,746,026		(4,202,392)
Paratransit service		9,852,264	8,963,922		888,342
Shuttle service		248,312	188,913		59,399
Administrative salaries, taxes and fringe benefits		2,436,328	3,430,792		(994,464)
Other administrative expenses		1,910,328	 1,753,523		156,805
Total operating expenses		49,990,866	 54,083,176		(4,092,310)
Operating income (loss)		(42,577,601)	 (46,556,508)		(3,978,907)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Government operating assistance					
Federal		7,165,697	6,283,734		(881,963)
Massachusetts		25,233,938	25,233,938		
Member communities		8,947,886	8,947,886		
Other assistance		893,204	803,396		(89,808)
Advertising income		300,000	256,570		(43,430)
Other income		109,992	156,493		46,501
Interest income		69,996	164,759		94,763
Interest expense		(143,112)	 (276,769)		(133,657)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		42,577,601	 41,570,007		(1,007,594)
Income (loss) before capital contributions					
and other items	\$		(4,986,501)	\$	(4,986,501)
Contributed capital			18,024,710		
Nonreimbursable depreciation			 (19,971,691)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			(6,933,482)		
Net position, beginning			 84,171,268		
NET POSITION, ENDING			\$ 77,237,786		

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30,

		2020	-	2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers	\$	5,818,841	\$	7,396,419
Payments for goods and services	Ψ	(45,002,204)	Ψ	(44,498,421)
Payments to employees		(2,884,004)		(2,512,138)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(42,067,367)		(39,614,140)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Receipts of operating grants		42,607,813		41,344,798
Proceeds from issuing revenue anticipation notes		13,000,000		13,100,000
Repayments of revenue anticipation notes		(13,100,000)		(13,100,000)
Interest paid		(277,443)		(190,590)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		42,230,370		41,154,208
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Receipts of capital grants		16,037,727		27,569,847
Payments for capital acquisitions		(14,678,438)		(28,874,856)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		1,359,289		(1,305,009)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Distribution from investment in Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC				45,795
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments		(3,146,152)		2,410,615
Interest income		145,760		164,759
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(3,000,392)		2,621,169
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS		(1,478,100)		2,856,228
Cash and equivalents, beginning		3,165,460		309,232
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	1,687,360	\$	3,165,460
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
OPERATING LOSS	\$	(40,845,299)	\$	(46,556,508)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		, , , ,		, , , ,
provided (used) by operating activities:				
(Gain) Loss in investment in Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC		(652)		(11)
Advertising and other income		475,853		413,063
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables		872,235		(206,093)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		52,177		(48,037)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(360,535)		1,392,905
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related liabilities		(497,646)		20,857
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims reserve				250,000
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		24,310		133,183
Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities		(397,103)		603,657
Increase (decrease) in other post employment benefits	-	(1,390,707)		4,382,844
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(42,067,367)	\$	(39,614,140)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The Pioneer Valley Transit Authority (the Authority) operates under Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) Chapter 161B as a body politic and a corporate and political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority is a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. Massachusetts provides funding to the Authority. Its members consist of the cities and towns of Agawam, Amherst, Belchertown, Chicopee, East Longmeadow, Easthampton, Granby, Hadley, Hampden, Holyoke, Leverett, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Northampton, Palmer, Pelham, South Hadley, Springfield, Sunderland, Ware, West Springfield, Westfield, Wilbraham and Williamsburg. It has a general responsibility to develop, finance and contract for the operation of mass transportation facilities within its territory. It is authorized to improve, modify, or extend existing facilities and enter into agreements with other parties, including government agencies, municipalities, authorities, private transportation companies, railroads, corporations, and other concerns, providing for construction, operation and use by such other party of any mass transportation facility or equipment of the Authority.

The Authority's activities are managed by an administrator who is appointed by an Advisory Board, which is made up of the chief elected officials or their appointees from the member communities. The Authority's operations are primarily funded through passenger fares, contractual reimbursements and operating subsidies from the federal and state government and member municipalities. In addition, the Authority receives capital grants from the federal and state government to finance acquisitions and improvements of facilities and equipment.

The Authority provides fixed route service to the cities and towns above, which is provided by Springfield Area Transit Company, Valley Area Transit Company and UMass Transit.

The Authority provides ADA paratransit service for people with disabilities throughout the Pioneer Valley within ¾ miles of a fixed route. This service provides a shared-ride and door-to-door van transportation for individuals with disabilities that prevent them from riding the fixed route bus service.

The Authority provides door-to-door, demand responsive accessible van service to seniors over the age of 60 throughout the Pioneer Valley.

Basis of Accounting

An enterprise fund is used to account for the Authority, which is maintained on the accrual basis of accounting.

The Authority uses proprietary fund accounting which follows all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing transit services to the general public. The principal operating revenues consist of passenger fares and contract reimbursements for demand response transit services provided to agencies of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Operating expenses include the cost of transit services provided by third party vendors, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - (Continued)

Fund Net Position

Fund net positions are classified as follows in the Authority's financial statements:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

The portion of net position represented by capital assets less accumulated depreciation, less outstanding debt incurred by the Authority to buy or construct them. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide transportation services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt, if any, must be provided from other sources, since these capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. The Authority has a restricted reserve established for the purpose of meeting the cost of extraordinary expenses in accordance with Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 161b, Section 6(q). At June 30, 2020, the Authority's reserve balance was \$1,580,175 (\$1,580,175 at June 30, 2019).

Unrestricted

All amounts not included in other classifications.

Funding and Revenue Recognition

The Authority realizes revenue from a variety of different sources including but not limited to local assessment revenue, federal and state operating and capital assistance, fare revenue, and non-fare revenue such as advertising and rental income. Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

Federal and state operating and capital assistance grants are recorded at the time eligible expenditures under the terms of the grants are incurred. Reimbursement under these grants is based on expenses incurred during the fiscal year and is subject to certain compliance regulations.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Administrator presents to the Advisory Board a proposed budget by April 1 each year for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. By June 1 each year, the budget is legally enacted by a vote of the Advisory Board.

Capital Grants

The Authority's capital assets are generally acquired with federal, state and local capital grants. These assets are owned by the Authority and included in property and equipment. Proceeds received from dispositions of these assets must be either refunded to the grantor agency or used to acquire new capital items. Capital grant revenues are reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position as capital contributions.

Cash and Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Short-term Investments

The Authority has short-term investments in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT), which is an external investment pool that is overseen by the Massachusetts State Treasurer. The fund is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

NOTE 1 - (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to bad debt expense and a credit to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. The valuation allowance has not been material to the financial statements.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost and depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over three to forty year lives.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 17, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Concentration of Source of Supply of Labor

The Authority has a contract, expiring on June 30, 2025, for fixed route transportation services with the University of Massachusetts.

The Authority has a contract, expiring on December 31, 2020, for its fixed route transportation services with Springfield Area Transit Company (SATCo) and Valley Area Transit Company (VATCo), divisions of First Transit, Inc.

Approximately ninety-seven percent (97%) of SATCo's employees are members of the Local 448 of the Amalgamated Transit Union. SATCo's labor agreement with the Union expires on June 30, 2021.

Approximately eighty-five percent (85%) of VATCo's employees are members of the Local 1459 United Food and Commercial Workers International Union. VATCo's labor agreement with the Union is effective through December 31, 2021.

Comparative Information

Certain prior year amounts may have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the Authority. Deposits, including demand deposits, money markets and certificates of deposit in any one financial institution, may not exceed certain levels unless collateralized by the financial institution involved. Investments may be made in unconditionally guaranteed U.S. Government obligations having maturities of a year or less from the date of purchase, or through repurchase agreements with maturities of no greater than 90 days in which the underlying securities consist of such obligations. Other allowable investments include authorized bonds of all states, banker's acceptances, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications established by rating agencies, and units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT).

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The Authority carries deposits with Berkshire Bank that are insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized. Bank deposits as of June 30, 2020, were \$3,509,501, all of which were insured and collateralized.

NOTE 2 - (Continued)

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Authority has \$3,636,854 invested in Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT) cash portfolio as of June 30, 2020. MMDT is a local government investment pool, established under Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 29, Section 38A. The Authority reports its investment in MMDT at amortized cost as allowed by GASB 79, which approximates the net asset value of \$1.00 per share. An investment in the MMDT cash portfolio is not a deposit of a bank and is neither insured nor guaranteed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency. MMDT has no redemption restrictions.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

	2020		2019	
Current receivables				
Federal				
Operating assistance	\$	1,719,866	\$	3,320,597
Capital assistance		2,530,328		1,955,329
Total - Federal		4,250,194		5,275,926
Massachusetts				
Operating assistance		436,397		
Capital assistance		330,815		4,148,897
Total - Massachusetts		767,212		4,148,897
Member communities				
Operating assistance for current year expenditures		9,171,583		8,947,886
Operating assistance for prior year expenditures		3,317,317		3,506,288
Total - member communities		12,488,900		12,454,174
Trade receivables				
Accounts receivable		269,810		399,158
Allowance for uncollectible				
Total - trade receivables		269,810		399,158
Total receivables	\$	17,776,116	\$	22,278,155

Based on management's assessment of the outstanding receivable balances at year end, they have concluded that an allowance for uncollectible accounts was not considered necessary.

The Federal government, under 49 USC section 5311, may provide assistance of up to 50% of the Authority's net operating costs for the rural fixed routes. In addition, under 49 USC sections 5307, 5309 and 5310, the Federal government may provide 80% to 100% of the cost of capital equipment and maintenance.

During fiscal year 2020, the Authority received Federal CARES Act funding under Section 5307 to cover eligible operating expenses incurred beginning January 20, 2020. The funding covered 100% of eligible expenses.

NOTE 3 - (Continued)

Massachusetts general laws require the operating assistance assessed upon local cities and towns be at least 25% of net cost of service, including new services. The local assessment can be increased by a maximum of 2.5% of the previous year's local assessment plus 25% of the cost of new service.

The Authority has a contract with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts under which Massachusetts agrees to provide operating assistance for a portion of the operating deficit remaining after any federal grants and the local assistance have been applied.

NOTE 4 - PREPAID EXPENSES CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

	 2020		2019	
Insurance	\$ 122,949	\$	94,773	
Pension	288,869		288,869	
Fuel	96,186		107,082	
Rent			70,137	
Other	 30,270		29,590	
Total	\$ 538,274	\$	590,451	

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

	2020						
	Beginning		_	_			Ending
	Balance		Increases	Decreases	Reclassification		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,965,50	<u>5</u> <u>\$</u>		\$	\$	\$	1,965,505
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,965,50	<u>5</u>				_	1,965,505
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	106,946,01	2	3,213,939				110,159,951
Revenue vehicles	105,283,62	9	7,809,256	(408,571)			112,684,314
Equipment	58,129,93	7	2,148,398				60,278,335
Service vehicles	1,806,76	0					1,806,760
Total capital assets, being depreciated	272,166,33	8 _	13,171,593	(408,571)		_	284,929,360
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	32,555,07	5	8,780,860				41,335,935
Revenue vehicles	71,082,36	7	7,997,744	(408,571)			78,671,540
Equipment	50,061,21	4	4,150,138				54,211,352
Service vehicles	1,586,45	2	130,651				1,717,103
Total accumulated depreciation	155,285,10	<u>8</u> _	21,059,393	(408,571)		_	175,935,930
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	116,881,23	0	(7,887,800)			_	108,993,430
Capital assets, net	\$ 118,846,73	<u>5</u> \$	(7,887,800)	\$	\$	\$	110,958,935

NOTE 5 - (Continued)

			2019		
	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Reclassification	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			-		
Land	\$ 1,965,503	5 \$	\$	\$	\$ 1,965,505
Construction in progress					
Operations and Maintenance Facility	55,135,41	7,663,180		(62,798,591)	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	57,100,910	7,663,180		(62,798,591)	1,965,505
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	38,835,093	5,312,328		62,798,591	106,946,012
Revenue vehicles	105,046,364	2,863,459	(2,626,194)		105,283,629
Equipment	55,986,95	7 2,142,980			58,129,937
Service vehicles	1,786,382	2 42,763	(22,385)		1,806,760
Total capital assets, being depreciated	201,654,790	10,361,530	(2,648,579)	62,798,591	272,166,338
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	25,176,459	7,378,616			32,555,075
Revenue vehicles	65,686,586	8,021,975	(2,626,194)		71,082,367
Equipment	45,619,833	, ,			50,061,214
Service vehicles	1,479,110	5 129,721	(22,385)		1,586,452
Total accumulated depreciation	137,961,990	19,971,691	(2,648,579)		155,285,108
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	63,692,800	(9,610,161)		62,798,591	116,881,230
Capital assets, net	\$ 120,793,710	5 \$ (1,946,981)	\$	\$	\$ 118,846,735

NOTE 6 - INVESTMENT IN HOLYOKE INTERMODAL FACILITY, LLC

On February 7, 2007 the Authority entered into a Joint Development Agreement with the City of Holyoke and Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC, (a limited liability company created by the real estate arm of Peter Pan Bus Lines, Inc.) for the purpose of undertaking the design and construction of the renovations to a building located at 206 Maple Street, Holyoke, Massachusetts, known as the Holyoke Multimodal Transportation Center. Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC is the owner of the building. The Authority has a one percent (1%) interest in the Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC which is accounted for under the equity method. The Authority receives, on an annual basis, ten percent of the "net operating income" of the LLC as defined in the Joint Development Agreement.

The City of Holyoke had conveyed certain property to Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC which included a permanent restriction on approximately 3,000 square feet of space on the ground level to be used for transit purposes only. In consideration of the extent of public funding provided to the project through the Authority, the 3,000 square feet of the ground floor was restricted for transit use and is leased back to the Authority free of charge in perpetuity. The project was completed in fiscal year 2011 at which time the Authority started leasing back a portion of the facility. In the event that the LLC should sell the property, and depending on the timing of the sale, a portion of the sales proceeds will go to the Authority as described in the Joint Development Agreement. The details of the lease agreement with the LLC are described in Note 10 of these financial statements.

NOTE 6 - (Continued)

During the years ended June 30, the following was recorded:

	 2020	 2019
Investment in Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC, beginning	\$ 3,981,884	\$ 4,027,668
Gain (Loss) from Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC	652	11
Distributions from Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC	 	 (45,795)
Investment in Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC, ending	\$ 3,982,536	\$ 3,981,884

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

	 2020		2019		
Accounts payable					
Capital projects	\$ 1,164,240	\$	2,943,670		
General operations	2,715,019		2,084,243		
Fixed route operator	 1,385,605		2,104,331		
Total	\$ 5,264,864	\$	7,132,244		

The Springfield Area Transit Company, Valley Area Transit Company and UMass Transit are the fixed route operators for the Authority. The assets and liabilities held by the fixed route operators are owned by the Authority and consist mainly of inventory, prepaid expenses, accounts payable and accrued wages and benefits. The value of these assets less liabilities held by the fixed route operators as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$1,385,605 and \$2,104,331, respectively, and are reported as fixed route operator accounts payable in the Authority's financials statements.

NOTE 8 - NOTE PAYABLE CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

Revenue anticipation notes consisted of the following for the year ended June 30:

	 2020	 2019
2.00% Revenue anticipation note, due July 16, 2020	\$ 13,000,000	
2.50% Revenue anticipation note, due July 19, 2019	 	\$ 13,100,000
Total	\$ 13,000,000	\$ 13,100,000

Revolving Line of Credit

The Authority has a \$3,000,000 revolving line of credit, due on demand with Berkshire Bank. The line of credit is secured by the Authority's assets. Interest is at the Prime Rate as published in the Wall Street Journal. The interest rate was 3.25% at June 30, 2020. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$-0-.

NOTE 8 - (Continued)

On July 16, 2020, the Authority issued a \$14,500,000 operating assistance anticipation note maturing on July 16, 2021 at a rate of 2.00%. The Authority repaid the \$13,100,000 note due July 16, 2020.

The Commonwealth is required pursuant to Section 10 of Chapter 161B of the Massachusetts General Laws to pay to the Authority amounts duly certified by the Administrator as necessary to pay the principal and interest on these notes if sufficient funds are not otherwise available; the obligation of the Commonwealth to pay such amounts to the Authority is a general obligation of the Commonwealth, and the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth is pledged to make such payments.

NOTE 9 - NET POSITION CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING AT JUNE 30:

		20)20	
	Invested in	Restricted		
	capital assets	Reserve	Unrestricted	Total
Net loss			\$ 1,787,809	\$ 1,787,809
Nonreimbursable depreciation	\$ (21,059,393)			(21,059,393)
Contributed capital	13,171,593		(376,949)	12,794,644
Decrease in investment in Holyoke				
Intermodal Facility, LLC	652		(652)	
Increase (decrease) in net position	(7,887,148)		1,410,208	(6,476,940)
Net position, beginning	122,828,619	1,580,175	(47,171,008)	77,237,786
Net position, ending	\$ 114,941,471	\$ 1,580,175	\$ (45,760,800)	\$ 70,760,846
		20	019	
	Invested in	Restricted		
	capital assets	Reserve	Unrestricted	Total
Net loss			\$ (4,986,501)	\$ (4,986,501)
Nonreimbursable depreciation	(19,971,691)		, (, , ,	(19,971,691)
Contributed capital	18,024,710			18,024,710
Decrease in investment in Holyoke				
Intermodal Facility, LLC	(45,784)		45,784	
•				
Increase (decrease) in net position	(1,992,765)		(4,940,717)	(6,933,482)
Increase (decrease) in net position Net position, beginning		1,580,175		(6,933,482) 84,171,268

NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASES

Springfield Union Station Lease

In July 2017, the Authority entered into a 25-year agreement to lease space at the Springfield Union Station Intermodal Facility at 55 Frank B. Murray Street, Springfield, MA. The Authority has the right to renew the lease for seven consecutive ten-year terms. The leased premises consist of 18 bus berths, 2,300 square feet of support (office) space, 1,800 square feet of waiting area space, and 10 parking spaces. The Authority shall pay to the Lessor a base fee for the parking spaces and their pro-rata share of operation and maintenance expenses of the bus berths, support space, and waiting area space.

Parking Spaces

The Authority shall pay a base fee of \$7,800 per annum, increasing 1.5% each year (\$8,036 for fiscal year 2020).

Pro-rata Share of Operating and Maintenance Costs

Every year during the lease, the Authority shall pay, as additional fees, their pro-rata allocation of shared services for the operation and maintenance of the bus berths, support space, and waiting area space, based on the Authority's total rentable square feet and occupied bus berths. The additional fees shall be paid monthly in the amounts reasonably estimated by the Lessor, with an adjustment made after the close of the lease year to account for the actual operating and maintenance costs.

Total lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$406,919 (\$297,040 for 2019); \$8,036 for parking space (\$7,917 for 2019) and \$398,883 for the Authority's pro-rata share of operating and maintenance costs, as reconciled by the Lessor (\$289,123 for 2019).

Approximate future lease commitments payable during the years ending June 30 are as follows:

	 Parking Spaces	of	Pro-rata Share f Operating Costs (Estimated)*
2021	\$ 8,156	\$	399,936
2022	8,279		Not Available
2023	8,403		Not Available
2024	8,529		Not Available
2025	8,657		Not Available
2026 - 2042	 168,715		Not Available
Total	\$ 210,739		

^{*} Pro-rata share of operating and maintenance costs are dependent upon the operating costs of the Lessor each year, which are unknown at this time. The estimate for fiscal year 2021 is based on information received from the Lessor, which will be reconciled to an actual amount at the end of fiscal year 2021.

Holyoke Multimodal Transportation Center Lease

The Authority is leasing approximately 3,000 square feet with the right to use common areas of the Holyoke Multimodal Transportation Center building, including all driveways, parking areas and roadways serving the property. The lease commenced in September 2010 and expires on the last date of the fiftieth (50th) year following the commencement date. The Authority has the option to extend the lease for separate and successive extension periods of fifty (50) lease years each. The Authority has no obligation to pay rent, it being agreed that the public funding provided for the project was in lieu of any rent owed. Notwithstanding, the Authority does have the obligation to pay for separately metered utilities and its share of common area maintenance (CAM) charges. CAM charges for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$18,762 and \$20,397, respectively

The Authority has a one-percent (1%) ownership interest in Holyoke Intermodal Facility, LLC which is disclosed in Note 6 of these financial statements.

NOTE 11 - PVTA PENSION PLAN

Plan

The Authority provides retirement benefits to employees through the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority Pension Plan (the Plan), a single-employer pension plan. This is a defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees that work at least 1,000 hours in a twelve month consecutive period, and agree to make employee contributions. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. The Plan's report can be obtained by writing to Pioneer Valley Transit Authority, 2808 Main Street, Springfield, Massachusetts 01107 or by calling (413) 732-6248.

Results of the Plan for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 with a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Results of the Plan for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 with a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Accounting Policy

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority Pension Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Membership

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the plan year ending June 30:

	2019	2018
Active employees	19	24
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	21	19
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	25	24
Total	65	67

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits and provides for retirement benefits of 2.50% of a member's average compensation times the number of years of service to a maximum of 32 years. Before July 1, 1999, the benefit was 2.25% of average compensation times years of service to a maximum of 35 years. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month following a participant's 65th birthday. The normal form of payment is a monthly annuity payable for life, with 120 monthly payments guaranteed. Other options are available. Early retirement is available for any member who has attained age 55 and completed 10 years of service. The amount payable to an early retiree is the member's accrued benefit at the time of early retirement, reduced by 3% per year for each of the first five years before age 65 plus 7% for each additional year. If a participant works past age 65, the benefit payable on the deferred retirement date will be the greater of (i) the actuarial equivalent of the age 65 accrued benefit or (ii) the benefit calculated using credited service as of the participant's deferred retirement date. Members of the Plan become fully vested after seven years of service. A member becomes 100% vested in their accrued retirement pension upon their 65th birthday.

Contributions

Each year, the Authority and its employees make contributions to the Plan. While there is no statutory or regulatory requirement to contribute the actuarially determined contribution, it is the intent of the Authority to contribute the amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees each year as well as a 15-year level dollar amortization of existing net pension liability as of the valuation date. For the plan year ending June 30, 2019, the average employee contribution was 16.11% (3.70% for plan year ending June 30, 2018) and the Authority's average contribution rate was 36.86% (11.41% for plan year ending June 30, 2018) of annual payroll.

NOTE 11 - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial assumptions

Inflation: 3% and for future periods

Salary increases: 4% annually and for future periods

Investment rate of return: 6.88%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

Pre- and post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based upon the 2019 and 2018 IRS Mortality Tables for

small plans

Employee termination: None assumed

Retirement age: Age 65 or normal retirement date, if later

Pre-retirement death benefit: Calculated using aforementioned mortality, interest and termination

assumptions and on the assumption that 100% of plan members have

spouses

Expenses: Investment return is assumed to be net of plan expenses paid from the trust

fund

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments for the 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	65.00%	4.50%
Fixed income	30.00%	3.00%
Cash	5.00%	1.00%
Total	100.00%	<u>_</u>

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.88% for the 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will continue to be made at the current rate and that contributions will be made at rates at least equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 - (Continued)

Changes in net pension liability – PVTA Pension Plan

	Increase (Decrease) (Plan year end June 30, 2019)							
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Pla	nn Fiduciary fet Position (b)	N	let Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	7,944,473	\$	4,768,924	\$	3,175,549		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		234,749				234,749		
Interest		574,663				574,663		
Changes in benefit terms								
Differences between actual and		(145 772)				(1.45.772)		
expected experience Contributions - employer		(145,773)		470,855		(145,773) (470,855)		
Contributions - employee				205,808		(205,808)		
Net investment income				632,125		(632,125)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of				032,123		(032,123)		
member contributions		(346,878)		(346,878)				
Administrative expense								
Net changes		316,761		961,910		(645,149)		
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	8,261,234	\$	5,730,834	\$	2,530,400		
	Increase (Decrease) (Plan year end June 30, 2018)							
		otal Pension		n Fiduciary		let Pension		
		Liability	N	et Position		Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	7,115,060	\$	4,564,185	\$	2,550,875		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		399,036				399,036		
Interest		528,550				528,550		
Changes in benefit terms								
Differences between actual and								
expected experience		238,470		174 456		238,470		
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee				174,456 56,625		(174,456) (56,625)		
Net investment income				310,301		(310,301)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of				510,501		(510,501)		
member contributions		(336,643)		(336,643)				
Administrative expense								
Net changes		829,413		204,739		624,674		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	7,944,473	\$	4,768,924	\$	3,175,549		

NOTE 11 - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.88%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.88%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.88%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (5.88%)	Current Discount (6.88%)	1% Increase (7.88%)		
Plan net pension liability as of June 30, 2020 for plan year ending June 30, 2019	\$	3,503,178	\$	2,530,400	\$	1,667,484
Plan net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 for plan year ending June 30, 2018	\$	4,293,776	\$	3,175,549	\$	2,264,322

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Transit Authority recognized pension expense of \$407,675, which includes the change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources (\$1,088,553 for the year ended June 30, 2019). The Transit Authority reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at June 30:

		20		2019				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	639,023	\$	(121,322)	\$	812,282	\$	(24,076)
Changes in assumptions								
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				(623,724)				(572,596)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		128,015	_		_	716,457	_	
Total	\$	767,038	\$	(745,046)	\$	1,528,739	\$	(596,672)
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	\$	21,992			\$	932,067		

Amounts reported as of June 30 for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$ 	\$ 657,754
2021	13,857	(9,274)
2022	(51,725)	53,159
2023	(86,937)	15,740
2024	(47,514)	20,377
2025	20,377	20,377
Thereafter	 173,934	 173,934
Total deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	\$ 21,992	\$ 932,067

Payable to Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the Transit Authority reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan (\$547,481 for the year ended June 30, 2019).

NOTE 12 - SATCO TRANSIT EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (TERP)

Transit Employee Retirement Plan (TERP)

The liability for the TERP pension plan of the Authority's major transportation provider, Springfield Area Transportation Company, Inc. (SATCo) is included in the Authority's financial statements under transportation expenses and accrued expenses. The Authority is responsible for funding these expenses.

The TERP plan, which is subject to the provisions of the Employment Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), covers only members of the Amalgamated Transit Union Local No. 448 AFL-CIO (the Union) who were plan participants as of June 30, 2008. The TERP plan, as of June 30, 2008, was frozen and employee contributions were discontinued upon adoption of the SATCo Employees Retirement Plan (SERP) (see Note 13). Prior to June 30, 2008, employees could become members of the plan on their forty-fifth day of employment.

The TERP plan provides retirement benefits in the form of an annuities payable monthly for life, commencing on the date of retirement and terminating the month prior to death. The benefit is \$40 multiplied by the years of credited service through June 30, 2008 when the plan was frozen. Pension provisions also include death and disability benefits, whereby the disabled employee or surviving spouse is entitled to receive a reduced annual benefit. Members of the TERP plan became vested after five years of service. Retirement is available if a participant has reached the age of 55 with 10 years of service. Normal retirement is attained at age 65.

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, SATCo's pension expense for the TERP plan was \$400,000 and \$350,000, respectively. The funding surplus as of July 1, 2019 was \$3,509,851. The funding surplus as of July 1, 2018 was \$2,600,619.

The TERP Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. The TERP Plan's report can be obtained by writing to Pioneer Valley Transit Authority, 2808 Main Street, Springfield, Massachusetts 01107 or by calling (413) 732-6248.

At June 30, 2020, SATCo reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan (\$-0- at June 30, 2019).

NOTE 13 - SATCO EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (SERP)

Dlan

The liability for the SERP pension plan of the Authority's major transportation provider, Springfield Area Transportation Company, Inc. (SATCo) is included in the Authority's financial statements under transportation expenses and accrued expenses. The Authority is responsible for funding these expenses.

The SERP plan was adopted on July 1, 2008. This plan is a governmental plan within the means of Section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code and Sections 3(32) and 4021(b)(d) of ERISA and is exempt from funding rules under Title I of ERISA. Pioneer Valley Transit Authority is the Plan Sponsor for the SERP plan. The SERP plan is available to all employees of SATCo who were members of the Transit Employee Retirement Plan (TERP) or have completed 45 days of employment and agree to join the plan via the required member application.

The SERP Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. The SERP Plan's report can be obtained by writing to Pioneer Valley Transit Authority, 2808 Main Street, Springfield, Massachusetts 01107 or by calling (413) 732-6248.

Results of the SERP Plan for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 with a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Results of the SERP Plan for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 with a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 13 - (Continued)

Salary Reduction Agreement

As the Transit Employee Retirement Plan (TERP) had been frozen, and it was determined that employee contributions could not be made directly to a frozen plan, a general funding plan was adopted to fund both the TERP and the SERP. In order to provide for approximately the same total contribution amount to both plans and to maintain funding amount flexibility as needed between the two plans, it was agreed that a unified wage reduction plan be established. Under the agreement, SATCo uses the entire proceeds of the salary reduction program to fund the pension plans. Additionally, SATCo makes contributions into the plans based upon actuarially determined amounts.

Accounting Policy

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Membership

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the plan year ending June 30:

	2019	2018
Active employees	241	244
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9	9
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	69	63
Total	319	316

Benefits Provided

The SERP Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month following a participant's 65th birthday. The normal retirement benefit is a monthly benefit of \$40 multiplied by years of credited service. Credited service is elapsed time from date of hire to termination of service date. Credited service for benefit purposes only considers service on or after July 1, 2008. The normal form of payment is a monthly annuity payable for life. Vesting is 0% for fewer than 5 years of service and is 100% for 5 or more years of service.

Early retirement is available for any participant who has attained age 55 and completed 10 years of service, 85 "points" or 30 years of service regardless of age. Unreduced early retirement is available to anyone with 85 points or 30 years of service at retirement. Otherwise, the amount payable to an early retiree is the participant's accrued benefit at the time of early retirement, reduced by 4% per year for each of the first five years before age 65 plus 5% for each additional year. If a participant works past age 65, the benefit payable on the deferred retirement date will be the greater of (i) the actuarial equivalent of the age 65 accrued benefit or (ii) the benefit calculated using credited service as of the participants deferred retirement date.

In the event of death of a participant prior to their retirement, the surviving spouse will receive the amount that would have been paid had the participant retired early and elected the 100% joint and survivor benefit. In the event a participant incurs, prior to their normal retirement date, a disability as defined in the plan agreement, they shall be entitled to a fully vested interest in their accrued pension as of the date of disability.

Contributions

Each year SATCo and its employees make contributions to the Plan. While there is no statutory or regulatory requirement to contribute the actuarially determined contribution, it is the intent of SATCo to contribute the amount necessary to meet benefit obligations when due. The Company's average contribution rate was 2.39% for plan year ending June 30, 2019 (4.09% for plan year ending June 30, 2018) of annual payroll.

NOTE 13 - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.50% and for future periods

Salary increases: N/A

Investment rate of return: 6.27%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Cost of living adjustment: None

Pre- and post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based upon the 2019 and 2018 IRS Mortality Tables for

small plans

Retirement age: Age 65 or normal retirement date, if later

Pre-retirement death benefit Calculated using aforementioned mortality, interest and termination

assumptions and on the assumption that 100% of plan members have

spouses

Expenses: Investment return is assumed to be net of plan expenses paid from the trust

fund

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments for the 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	59.00%	4.50%
Fixed income	35.00%	3.00%
Cash	6.00%	1.00%
Total	100.00%	_

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.27% for the 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will continue to be made at the current rate and that contributions will be made at rates at least equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 13 - (Continued)

$Changes \ in \ net \ pension \ liability-SATCo \ SERP$

	Increase (Decrease) (Plan year end June 30, 2019)						
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Pla	end June 30, 2 in Fiduciary et Position (b)	N	let Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	8,981,831	\$	7,444,020	\$	1,537,811	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		404,377				404,377	
Interest		594,567				594,567	
Changes in benefit terms							
Differences between actual and		20.207				20.207	
expected experience		38,305		200 (10		38,305	
Contributions - employer				380,619		(380,619)	
Contributions - employee Net investment income				529,779		(529,779)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of				944,844		(944,844)	
member contributions		(193,026)		(193,026)			
Administrative expense		(173,020)		(42,714)		42,714	
Net changes		844,223		1,619,502		(775,279)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	9,826,054	\$	9,063,522	\$	762,532	
		otal Pension Liability	Pla	end June 30, 2 in Fiduciary et Position		let Pension Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	7,877,129	\$	6,171,828	\$	1,705,301	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		408,631				408,631	
Interest		527,876				527,876	
Changes in benefit terms							
Differences between actual and							
expected experience		434,823		625.074		434,823	
Contributions - employer				625,074		(625,074)	
Contributions - employee Net investment income				524,926 439,395		(524,926)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of				437,373		(439,395)	
member contributions		(266,628)		(266,628)			
Administrative expense		(200,020)		(50,575)		50,575	
Net changes		1,104,702		1,272,192		(167,490)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	8,981,831	\$	7,444,020	\$	1,537,811	

NOTE 13 - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.27%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.27%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.27%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1% Decrease (5.27%)		Discount (6.27%)			1% Increase (7.27%)
Plan net pension liability (asset) as of June 30, 2020 for plan year ending June 30, 2019	\$	2,040,511	\$	762,532	\$	(305,237)
Plan net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 for plan year ending June 30, 2018	\$	2,732,094	\$	1,537,811	\$	542,063

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Transit Authority recognized pension expense of \$446,236, which includes the change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources (\$1,394,536 for the year ended June 30, 2019). The Transit Authority reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at June 30:

		20			20)19		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	680,231	\$	(10,524)	\$	785,230	\$	(19,313)
Changes in assumptions								
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				(412,823)		22,712		(68,495)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		700,000				350,000		
Total	\$	1,380,231	\$	(423,347)	\$	1,157,942	\$	(87,808)
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	\$	956,884			\$	1,070,134		

Amounts reported as of June 30 for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$ 	\$ 480,658
2021	721,889	107,945
2022	29,413	115,469
2023	37,013	123,069
2024	38,638	124,692
2025	100,007	94,672
Thereafter	 29,924	 23,629
Total deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	\$ 956,884	\$ 1,070,134

Payable to Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, SATCo reported a payable of \$408,265 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020 (\$560,230 for the year ended June 30, 2019).

NOTE 14 - SATCO TRANSIT MANAGEMENT PENSION PLAN (TMP)

Transit Management Pension Plan (TMP)

The TMP plan is subject to the provisions of ERISA and covers SATCo's nonunion employees who are not covered under the SERP and TERP plans. SATCo is the Plan Sponsor for the TMP plan. Eligible participants must work at least 1,000 hours in a twelve month consecutive period and contribute 4% of their annual compensation into the plan.

The TMP plan provides for benefits in the form of an annuity payable for life, with 120 minimum monthly payments guaranteed. The benefit is 2.25% of the average compensation, calculated using the average of the participants' five highest paid consecutive years of service prior to retirement, termination or disability, multiplied by the number of years of service up to 35 years. Pension provisions also include death and disability benefits whereby the disabled employee or surviving spouse is entitled to receive a reduced annual benefit.

Members of the TMP plan become fully vested after seven years of service. Retirement is available for participants who have reached the age of 55 with 10 years of service. Normal retirement is attained at age 65.

At June 30, 2020, there were 28 plan participants; 16 active members, 8 retirees and beneficiaries, and 4 terminated vested members.

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, SATCo's pension expense for the TMP plan was \$154,000 and \$164,311, respectively, and the funding surplus (deficit) was \$277,441 and \$(20,312), respectively.

The TMP plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. This report can be obtained by writing to Pioneer Valley Transit Authority, 2808 Main Street, Springfield, Massachusetts 01107 or by calling (413) 732-6248.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset – Transit Management Pension Plan

SATCo's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the TMP plan for the years ended June 30, were as follows:

	2020			2019	
Annual required contribution	\$		\$	115,117	
Contributions made		(120,343)		(195,059)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		(120,343)		(79,942)	
Other adjustments and assumption changes		(177,410)		140,051	
Net pension liability (asset) at beginning of year		20,312		(39,797)	
Net pension liability (asset) at end of year	\$	(277,441)	\$	20,312	
		2020		2019	
Actuarial value of assets	\$	3,739,401	\$	3,082,608	
Actuarial accrued liability	-	3,461,960		3,102,920	
Funding surplus (shortfall)	\$	277,441	\$	(20,312)	

Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions

The Plan requires members to contribute 4% of their payroll, and requires the Authority to contribute an amount equal to approximately 10% of the total member payroll. The actuarial method and assumptions for the plan are as follows:

Valuation date: July 1, 2019

Actuarial cost method: Traditional unit credit cost method

Amortization method: Level dollar

Asset valuation method: Market value

Investment rate of return: 5.69% (5.87% at July 1, 2018)

Payable to Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, SATCo reported a payable of \$33,657 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan (\$38,019 for the year ended June 30, 2019).

Additional pension disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles were not available for presentation for the TMP plan, but management of the Authority feels this information would not have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 15 - PVTA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Effective July 1, 2017, the Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions. This statement established new financial reporting requirements for government entities that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees and retirees and required the Authority to record the net OPEB liability measured as the total actuarially accrued liability.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Pioneer Valley Transit Authority Retiree Welfare Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan which provides for medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Employees hired before April 2, 2012 become eligible to retire under this plan upon attainment of age 55 as an active member and completion of 10 years of service (age 60 with 10 years of service for those hired on or after April 2, 2012). The plan is a cost-sharing plan with employees paying 20% of medical and dental premiums in retirement.

The Authority does not issue separate financial statements on this plan.

Accounting Policy

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Plan Membership

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the plan year ending June 30:

	2020	2019
Active employees	25	19
Inactive employees or beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	19	19
Total	44	38

Contributions

In fiscal year 2018, the Authority established a Qualified OPEB Trust (the Trust) for the benefit of PVTA, with the intention that it qualifies as a tax-exempt trust performing an essential governmental function within the meaning of Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and Regulations issued thereunder and as a trust for OPEB in accordance with MGL Chapter 32B, Section 20.

The Trust was created for the sole purpose of providing funding for OPEB, as determined by the Authority, or as may be required by collective bargaining agreement, or by any general or special law providing for such benefits, for the exclusive benefit of the retired employees and their eligible dependents and for defraying the reasonable administrative, legal, actuarial and other expenses of the Trust. The assets held in the Trust shall not be used for or diverted to any other purpose, except as described in the Trust. The Trust is irrevocable and no trust funds shall revert to the Authority until all benefits owed to the retired employees have been satisfied or released. In addition, the assets are legally protected from creditors of the Authority and the Plan administrator.

The Authority shall have no obligation to make contributions to the Trust to fund OPEB, and the size of the Trust may not be sufficient at any one time to meet the OPEB liabilities. The Authority has not made any contributions to the OPEB Trust and the fair market value of the Trust assets as of June 30, 2020 is \$476.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Results of the Plan for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2020 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018 with a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Results of the Plan for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2019 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018 with a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial assumptions

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age normal

Inflation: 2.75% and for future periods

Salary increases: 3% annually and for future periods

Discount rate: 2.75% per annum for 2020 (2.75% for 2019)

Municipal bond rate: 2.79% as of June 30, 2020 (2.79% as of June 30, 2019). Source is the

S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index

Participation rate: Assumed that 80% of employees eligible to receive retirement benefits

would enroll in the Plan

Actuarial assumptions

Pre- and post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based upon the RP-2000 Employees and Healthy

Annuitant Mortality Tables for males or females projected generationally

with scale BB

Healthcare trend rate: Assumed 4.50% for 2020 (4.50% for 2019) increase in healthcare costs

Changes in net OPEB liability	Increase (Decrease)								
·	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB						
	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Liability (a) - (b)						
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 5,394,706	5 \$	\$ 5,394,706						
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	196,680)	196,680						
Interest	151,826	, i	151,826						
Changes in benefit terms	414,737	1	414,737						
Changes in assumptions	(129,709))	(129,709)						
Differences between actual and									
expected experience	(79,798	3)	(79,798)						
Net investment income									
Employer contributions - premiums		141,814	(141,814)						
Benefit payments - premiums		(141,814)	141,814						
Benefit payments including implicit cost	(141,814	4)	(141,814)						
Administrative expense									
Net changes	411,922		411,922						
Balances at June 30, 2019	5,806,628	<u></u>	5,806,628						
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	209,018	3	209,018						
Interest	163,543		163,543						
Changes in benefit terms		-	, 						
Changes in assumptions		-							
Differences between actual and									
expected experience		-							
Net investment income		(24)	24						
Employer contributions - premiums		138,705	(138,705)						
Benefit payments - premiums		(138,205)	138,205						
Benefit payments including implicit cost	(138,205	5)	(138,205)						
Administrative expense									
Net changes	234,356	476	233,880						
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 6,040,984	\$ 476	\$ 6,040,508						

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount and healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rates:

	Discount Rate						
	_	1% Decrease (1.75%)		Current (2.75%)		1% Increase (3.75%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020	\$	7,231,604	\$	6,040,508	\$	5,157,782	
	_	1% Decrease (1.75%)		Current (2.75%)	_	1% Increase (3.75%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019	\$	6,951,056	\$	5,806,628	\$	4,957,690	
		Heal	lthca	re Cost Trend	Rat	te	
		1% Decrease (3.50%)		Current (4.50%)		1% Increase (5.50%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020	\$	4,985,884	\$	6,040,508	\$	7,450,027	
		1% Decrease (3.50%)		Current (4.50%)	_	1% Increase (5.50%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019	\$	4,792,460	\$	5,806,628	\$	7,161,007	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$191,978, which includes the change in deferred outflows and inflows of resources (\$579,527 for the year ended June 30, 2019). At June 30, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		20		2019				
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	(47,878)	\$		\$	(63,838)
Changes in assumptions				(77,825)				(103,767)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	_		_		_		_	
Total	\$		\$	(125,703)	\$		\$	(167,605)
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources			\$	(125,703)			\$	(167,605)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	2020		<u></u>	2019
2020	\$			(41,902)
2021		(41,902)		(41,902)
2022		(41,902)		(41,902)
2023		(41,899)		(41,899)
Total deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	\$	(125,703)	\$	(167,605)

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, the Authority reported a payable of \$-0- for outstanding contributions to the Plan (\$-0- for the year ended June 30, 2019).

NOTE 16 - SATCO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The liability for other postemployment benefits of the Authority's major transportation provider, Springfield Area Transit Company, Inc. (SATCo) is included in the Authority's financial statements under transportation expense and long-term accrued expenses. The Authority is responsible for funding these expenses.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Springfield Area Transportation Company Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan which provides for medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. An employee becomes eligible to retire under this plan upon attainment of age 55 with 10 years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age. For employees hired prior to July 1, 1990, an employee shall become eligible to retire under this plan upon the attainment of age 55 as an active member and completion of 10 years of service. Retirees will pay 25% of premiums for non-Medicare integrated plans and 0% for Medicare integrated plans. Retirees pay 100% of premiums for dental insurance. The employer will pay 100% of life insurance premiums.

Springfield Area Transportation Company, Inc. does not issue separate financial statements on this plan.

Accounting Policy

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Plan Membership

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the plan year ending June 30:

	2020	2019
Active employees	242	255
Inactive employees or beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	127	127
Total	369	382

Contributions

In fiscal year 2018, the Authority established a Qualified OPEB Trust (the Trust) for the benefit of SATCO's OPEB Plan with the intention that it qualifies as a tax-exempt trust performing an essential governmental function within the meaning of Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and Regulations issued thereunder and as a trust for OPEB in accordance with MGL Chapter 32B, Section 20.

The Trust was created for the sole purpose of providing funding for OPEB, as determined by the Authority, or as may be required by collective bargaining agreement, or by any general or special law providing for such benefits, for the exclusive benefit of the retired employees and their eligible dependents and for defraying the reasonable administrative, legal, actuarial and other expenses of the Trust. The assets held in the Trust shall not be used for or diverted to any other purpose, except as described in the Trust. The Trust is irrevocable and no trust funds shall revert to the Authority until all benefits owed to the retired employees have been satisfied or released. In addition, the assets are legally protected from creditors of the Authority, SATCo, and the Plan administrator.

The Authority and SATCo shall have no obligation to make contributions to the Trust to fund OPEB, and the size of the Trust may not be sufficient at any one time to meet the OPEB liabilities. The fair market value of the trust assets as of June 30, 2020 is \$524,590 (\$516,299 as of June 30, 2019).

Payable to OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, SATCo reported a payable of \$-0- for outstanding contributions to the Plan (\$300,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Results of the Plan for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2020 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019 with a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Results of the Plan for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2019 are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2017 with a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age normal

Inflation: 2.50% and for future periods (2.75% for 2019)

Salary increases: 3% annually and for future periods

Discount rate: 4.25% per annum for 2020 (4.00% for 2019)

Investment rate of return: 5.64%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Municipal bond rate: 2.66% as of June 30, 2020 (2.79% as of June 30, 2019). Source is the

S&P Municipal 20-Year High Grade Index

Pre- and post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee

Mortality Tables for males and females projected generationally with scale

MP-2016

Healthcare trend: Assumed 4.50% for 2020 (4.50% for 2019) increase in healthcare costs

Participation rate: Assumed that 100% of employees eligible to received retirement benefits

would enroll in the plan

Changes in net OPEB liability	Increase (Decrease)								
	T 	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	36,182,703	\$	\$	36,182,703				
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		1,292,292			1,292,292				
Interest		1,484,613			1,484,613				
Changes in benefit terms		2,130,904			2,130,904				
Changes in assumptions		(5,055,906)			(5,055,906)				
Differences between actual and expected experience									
Net investment income			16,299		(16,299)				
Employer contributions to trust			500,000		(500,000)				
Employer contributions - premiums			726,472		(726,472)				
Benefit payments - premiums			(726,472)		726,472				
Benefit payments including implicit cost		(726,472)	(, = =, , , =)		(726,472)				
Administrative expense									
Net changes		(874,569)	516,299		(1,390,868)				
Balances at June 30, 2019		35,308,134	516,299		34,791,835				
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		798,091			798,091				
Interest		1,429,115			1,429,115				
Changes in benefit terms									
Changes in assumptions		(3,670,465)			(3,670,465)				
Differences between actual and									
expected experience		(5,818,732)			(5,818,732)				
Net investment income			8,291		(8,291)				
Employer contributions to trust									
Employer contributions - premiums			764,208		(764,208)				
Benefit payments - premiums			(764,208)		764,208				
Benefit payments including implicit cost		(764,208)			(764,208)				
Administrative expense									
Net changes		(8,026,199)	8,291		(8,034,490)				
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	27,281,935	\$ 524,590	\$	26,757,345				

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.25% as of June 30, 2020 and 4.00% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made in accordance with the Authority's funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to be insufficient to make all projected benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB Plan assets is applied to the projected benefits payments which the Fiduciary Net Position is expected to be sufficient to cover and the Municipal Bond Rate is applied thereafter. The Municipal Bond Rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index ("SAPIHG"), which was 2.66% as of June 30, 2020. The S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index is the index rate for 20 year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rate of AA/Aa or higher.

Long-term rate of return

The long term rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity Fixed income Cash	60.00% 25.00% 15.00%	4.80% 2.05% 0.00%
Total	100.00%	_ 0.0070

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount and healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rates:

	Discount Rate						
	19	1% Decrease (3.25%)		Current (4.25%)		1% Increase (5.25%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020	\$	31,301,144	\$	26,757,345	\$	23,090,086	
	19	% Decrease (3.00%)		Current (4.00%)		1% Increase (5.00%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019	\$	41,741,481	\$	34,791,835	\$	29,348,866	

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate						
		% Decrease (3.50%)		Current (4.50%)		1% Increase (5.50%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020	\$	22,624,385	\$	26,757,345	\$	32,052,003	
	1	% Decrease (3.50%)		Current (4.50%)	_	1% Increase (5.50%)	
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019	\$	28,644,323	\$	34,791,835	\$	42,831,031	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Authority recognized OPEB expense (recovery) of \$(1,582,685), which includes the change in deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources (expense of \$4,103,317 for the year ended June 30, 2019). At June 30, the Authority reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	2020					2019			
		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources	_	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	(5,004,246)	\$		\$	(487,468)	
Changes in assumptions				(6,010,819)				(4,058,686)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		16,662		(1,334)				(1,778)	
Total	\$	16,662	\$	(11,016,399)	\$		\$	(4,547,932)	
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources			\$	(10,999,737)			\$	(4,547,932)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	\$ (1,156,449)
2021	(3,016,564)	(1,156,449)
2022	(3,016,564)	(1,156,449)
2023	(2,868,894)	(1,008,779)
2024	(1,929,923)	(69,806)
2025	(167,792)	
Total deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	\$ (10,999,737)	\$ (4,547,932)

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Fiscal year 2021 budget

For the fiscal year 2021, the Authority has an operating budget of \$52,035,624 which excludes depreciation expense. This budget includes grant-matching expenditures, which the Authority is required to meet as its share of Federal and State programs.

Federal and State funding

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. As of the date of the financial statements, the Authority is not aware of any expenditure that may be disallowed by a grantor.

Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and workers compensation claims for which the Authority carries commercial insurance.

Litigation and self-insurance

In the normal course of operations, the Authority has been named in various claims and litigation. Based upon information available to counsel and the Authority, management believes that the ultimate outcome from these claims and litigations will not have a material adverse effect on the Authority's financial position

The Authority is self-insured for property damage and personal injury related to operations to a maximum amount of \$1,000,000 per incident. An excess liability, up to a maximum of \$5 million of losses per policy year, is covered by comprehensive insurance policies. It is the policy of the Authority to record a liability for reported claims as well as claims incurred and not yet reported based on a review of specific claims and incidents. Insurance claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. At June 30, 2020, the Authority's insurance claims reserve is \$2,750,000 (\$2,750,000 at June 30, 2019) for the self-insured portion of the risks associated with property damage and personal injury. A summary of the activity in the claims liability account during the years ended June 30 are as follows:

	 2020	 2019		
Insurance claims reserve, beginning	\$ 2,750,000	\$ 2,500,000		
Increase in reserve for claims provisions	520,976	448,337		
Claims paid	 (520,976)	 (198,337)		
Insurance claims reserve, ending	\$ 2,750,000	\$ 2,750,000		

NOTE 18 - FEDERAL CARES ACT FUNDING

During fiscal year 2020, the Authority was awarded federal operating assistance under the Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act through an existing federal program 49 USC Section 5307. The funding is to cover eligible operating expenses and other costs, net of fare revenue, incurred as part of the Authority's response to COVID-19 beginning on or after January 20, 2020. Per the CARES Act and the awarding contract, the funding covers 100% of eligible expenses and does not require state or local matches. The following contract was awarded to the Authority:

		Total]	Funds Spent	Remaining
	Performance	Contract		in Fiscal	Contract
	Period	 Amount		Year 2020	 Amount
Federal CARES Act Funding					
Federal Section 5307	January 20, 2020 until spent	\$ 36,615,416	\$	1,771,285	\$ 34,844,131

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITIES AND RELATED RATIOS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

PVTA Pension Plan (see also Note 11) Plan Year End June 30,

				Tian Tear I	mu ,	June 30,			
Total pension liability	 2019	 2018	_	2017		2016	 2015	_	2014
Service cost	\$ 234,749	\$ 399,036	\$	237,541	\$	218,696	\$ 199,780	\$	226,520
Interest	574,663	528,550		458,403		426,044	405,613		360,702
Changes of benefit terms									
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	(145,773)	238,470		447,146		101,296	(70,204)		398,081
Changes of assumptions									
Benefit payment, including refunds									
of employee contributions	 (346,878)	 (336,643)		(302,220)		(297,102)	 (270,461)		(294,010)
Net change in total pension liability	316,761	829,413		840,870		448,934	264,728		691,293
Total pension liability, beginning	 7,944,473	 7,115,060		6,274,190		5,825,256	 5,560,528		4,869,235
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 8,261,234	\$ 7,944,473	\$	7,115,060	\$	6,274,190	\$ 5,825,256	\$	5,560,528
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 470,855	\$ 174,456	\$	355,018	\$	377,718	\$ 157,377	\$	141,588
Contributions - employee	205,808	56,625		60,494		55,906	48,887		45,886
Net investment income	632,125	310,301		364,336		259,833	144,609		469,701
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions	(346,878)	(336,643)		(302,220)		(297,102)	(270,461)		(294,010)
Administrative expense	 		_	(40)	_	(14,305)	 		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	961,910	204,739		477,588		382,050	80,412		363,165
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	 4,768,924	 4,564,185		4,086,597		3,704,547	 3,624,135		3,260,970
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 5,730,834	\$ 4,768,924	\$	4,564,185	\$	4,086,597	\$ 3,704,547	\$	3,624,135
Net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$ 2,530,400	\$ 3,175,549	\$	2,550,875	\$	2,187,593	\$ 2,120,709	\$	1,936,393
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.37%	60.03%		64.15%		65.13%	63.59%		65.18%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,277,270	\$ 1,528,975	\$	1,529,167	\$	1,223,784	\$ 1,223,784	\$	1,169,373
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	198.11%	207.69%		166.81%		178.76%	173.29%		165.59%

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITIES AND RELATED RATIOS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

SATCo SERP Plan (see also Note 13) Plan Year End June 30,

	_				Tian Tear I	mu .	June 30,			
Total pension liability		2019	 2018		2017	_	2016	_	2015	 2014
Service cost	\$	404,377	\$ 408,631	\$	399,561	\$	365,630	\$	327,274	\$ 290,750
Interest		594,567	527,876		448,386		399,919		351,881	317,682
Changes of benefit terms										
Differences between expected and										
actual experience		38,305	434,823		461,424		41,217		96,577	(63,258)
Changes of assumptions										
Benefit payment, including refunds										
of employee contributions		(193,026)	 (266,628)		(122,646)		(86,013)		(60,634)	 (44,384)
Net change in total pension liability		844,223	1,104,702		1,186,725		720,753		715,098	500,790
Total pension liability, beginning		8,981,831	 7,877,129		6,690,404		5,969,651		5,254,553	 4,753,763
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	9,826,054	\$ 8,981,831	\$	7,877,129	\$	6,690,404	\$	5,969,651	\$ 5,254,553
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	380,619	\$ 625,074	\$	635,316	\$	1,295,000	\$	129,644	\$ 470,000
Contributions - employee		529,779	524,926		533,279		505,000		490,356	
Net investment income		944,844	439,395		407,457		233,325		44,799	211,580
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of employee contributions		(193,026)	(266,628)		(122,646)		(86,013)		(60,634)	(44,384)
Administrative expense		(42,714)	(50,575)	_	(41,841)		(27,871)		(18,764)	(13,093)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,619,502	1,272,192		1,411,565		1,919,441		585,401	624,103
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		7,444,020	 6,171,828		4,760,263		2,840,822		2,255,421	 1,631,318
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	9,063,522	\$ 7,444,020	\$	6,171,828	\$	4,760,263	\$	2,840,822	\$ 2,255,421
Net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$	762,532	\$ 1,537,811	\$	1,705,301	\$	1,930,141	\$	3,128,829	\$ 2,999,132
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.24%	82.88%		78.35%		71.15%		47.59%	42.92%
Covered employee payroll	\$	15,901,029	\$ 15,301,015	\$	14,477,280	\$	14,742,434	\$	14,042,201	\$ 12,774,455
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		4.80%	10.05%		11.78%		13.09%		22.28%	23.48%

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

PVTA Pension Plan (see also Note 11) Plan Year End June 30

				Plan Year E	ind .	June 30,		
		2019	2018	 2017		2016	2015	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	492,723	\$ 722,782	\$ 497,602	\$	441,721	\$ 415,986	\$ 423,935
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	676,663	 231,081	 415,512		433,624	 206,264	 187,474
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(183,940)	\$ 491,701	\$ 82,090	\$	8,097	\$ 209,722	\$ 236,461
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,277,270	\$ 1,528,975	\$ 1,529,167	\$	1,223,784	\$ 1,223,784	\$ 1,169,373
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		52.98%	15.11%	27.17%		35.43%	16.85%	16.03%

Notes to Schedules for PVTA Pension Plan

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2019.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal

Amortization method: 15 year level dollar of the existing net pension

liability as of the valuation date

Remaining amortization period 15 years. Fresh start method with amortization

remaining unfunded amortized each year.

Asset valuation method Market value of assets as of the measurement date

Inflation: 3% as of June 30, 2019 and for future periods

Salary increases: 4% annually as of June 30, 2019 and for future periods

Investment rate of return: 6.88%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation for small plans

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

SATCo SERP Plan (see also Note 13) Plan Year End June 30.

					Pian Year i	ına	June 50,				
	_	2019		2018	 2017		2016		2015	_	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	479,545	\$	560,224	\$ 567,665	\$	555,898	\$	635,705	\$	586,396
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	380,619	_	625,074	 635,316	_	1,295,000	_	129,644	_	470,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	98,926	\$	(64,850)	\$ (67,651)	\$	(739,102)	\$	506,061	\$	116,396
Covered employee payroll	\$	15,901,029	\$	15,301,015	\$ 14,477,280	\$	14,742,434	\$	14,042,201	\$	12,774,455
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.39%		4.09%	4.39%		8.78%		0.92%		3.68%

Notes to Schedules for SATCO SERP Pension Plan

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2019.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal

amortization method: 15 year level dollar of the existing net pension

liability as of the valuation date

Remaining amortization period 15 years. Fresh start method with amortization

remaining unfunded amortized each year.

Asset valuation method Market value of assets as of the measurement date

Inflation: 2.5% as of June 30, 2019 and for future periods

Salary increases: N/A

Investment rate of return: 6.27%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation for small plans

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITIES AND RELATED RATIOS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

PVTA OPEB Plan (see also Note 15) Plan Year End June 30,

		rian 10	ear End June Sv	,	
Total OPEB liability	 2020		2019		2018
Service cost	\$ 209,018	\$	196,680	\$	310,684
Interest	163,543		151,826		171,289
Changes of benefit terms			414,737		
Changes of assumptions			(129,709)		
Differences between actual and					
expected experience			(79,798)		
Benefit payments including implicit cost	 (138,205)		(141,814)		(93,312)
Net change in total OPEB liability	234,356		411,922		388,661
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 5,806,628		5,394,706		5,006,045
Total OPEB liability, ending (a)	\$ 6,040,984	\$	5,806,628	\$	5,394,706
Plan fiduciary net position					
Interest	\$ 	\$		\$	
Net investment income	(24)				
Employer contributions - premiums	138,705		141,814		93,312
Benefit payments - premiums	(138,205)		(141,814)		(93,312)
Administrative expense	 				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	476				
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	 				
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 476	\$		\$	
Net OPEB liability (a) - (b)	\$ 6,040,508	\$	5,806,628	\$	5,394,706
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.01%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,550,298	\$	1,505,144	\$	1,442,016
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	389.64%		385.79%		374.11%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions: None

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITIES AND RELATED RATIOS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

SATCo OPEB Plan (see also Note 16) Plan Year End June 30.

	Plan Year End June 30,										
Total OPEB liability		2020		2019		2018					
Service cost	\$	798,091	\$	1,292,292	\$	1,533,958					
Interest		1,429,115		1,484,613		1,173,374					
Changes of benefit terms				2,130,904							
Changes of assumptions		(3,670,465)		(5,055,906)							
Differences between actual and											
expected experience		(5,818,732)				(805,038)					
Benefit payments including implicit cost		(764,208)		(726,472)		(574,275)					
Net change in total OPEB liability		(8,026,199)		(874,569)		1,328,019					
Total OPEB liability, beginning		35,308,134		36,182,703		34,854,684					
Total OPEB liability, ending (a)	\$	27,281,935	\$	35,308,134	\$	36,182,703					
Plan fiduciary net position											
Interest	\$		\$		\$						
Net investment income		8,291		16,299							
Employer contributions to trust				500,000							
Employer contributions - premiums		764,208		726,472		574,275					
Benefit payments - premiums		(764,208)		(726,472)		(574,275)					
Administrative expense	-										
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,291		516,299							
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		516,299									
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	524,590	\$	516,299	\$						
Net OPEB liability (a) - (b)	\$	26,757,345	\$	34,791,835	\$	36,182,703					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.92%		1.46%		0.00%					
Covered employee payroll	\$	15,901,029	\$	15,640,248	\$	14,477,280					
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of		1.60.050		222 4504		240.020/					
covered employee payroll		168.27%		222.45%		249.93%					

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

Effective June 30, 2020, discount rate changed from 4.00% to 4.25%.

Expected long-term medical trend rate has been updated from 5.00% from 4.50%.

Mortality table updated from RP-2000 with scale BB to RP-2014 with scale MP-2016

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

PVTA OPEB Plan (see also Note 15) Plan Year End June 30.

	<u></u>		,	,				
		2020	 2019		2018			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	488,100	\$ 475,762	\$	585,941			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		138,205	 141,814		93,312			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	349,895	\$ 333,948	\$	492,629			
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,550,298	\$ 1,505,144	\$	1,442,016			
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.91%	9.42%		6.47%			

Notes to Schedule

PVTA OPEB Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates were calculated as of July 1, 2018 with a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for PVTA:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age normal

Municipal bond rate: 2.79% as of June 30, 2020 (Source: S&P Municipal

Bond 20-Year High Grade Index)

Discount rate: 2.75%

Inflation: 2.75% as of June 30, 2020 and for future periods

Salary increases: 3.00% annually and for future periods

Pre- and post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based upon the RP-2000 Employees

and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and

females projected generationally with scale BB

Disabled mortality: Mortality rate was based upon the RP-2000 Healthy

Annuitant Table projected with scale BB

Changes in assumptions: None

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

SATCo OPEB Plan (see also Note 16) Plan Vear End June 30

	Plan Year End June 30,								
		2020		2019		2018			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,327,770	\$	3,226,922	\$	3,343,115			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		764,208		1,226,472		574,275			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,563,562	\$	2,000,450	\$	2,768,840			
Covered employee payroll	\$	15,901,029	\$	15,640,248	\$	14,477,280			
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		4.81%		7.84%		3.97%			

Notes to Schedule

SATCo OPEB Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates were calculated as of July 1, 2019 with a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for SATCo:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age normal

Municipal bond rate: 2.66% as of June 30, 2020 (Source: S&P Municipal

Bond 20-Year High Grade Index)

Discount rate: 4.25%

Inflation: 2.50% as of June 30, 2020 and for future periods

Salary increases: 3.00% annually and for future periods

Pre- and post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar

Employee Mortality Tables for males and females projected

generationally with scale MP-2016

Disabled mortality: Mortality rate was based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar

Healthy Annuitant Table projected with scale MP-2016

Changes in assumptions: Effective June 30, 2020, discount rate changed from 4.00% to 4.25%.

Expected long-term medical trend rate has been updated from 5.00% from 4.50%. Mortality table updated from RP-2000 with scale BB to RP-2014 with scale MP-2016

PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

STATEMENT OF NET COST OF SERVICE

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30,

	S	Total ervice Area 2020	S	Total ervice Area 2019
Operating costs				
Administrative costs	\$	4,237,739	\$	5,184,315
Purchased services		24.002.270		20.746.026
Fixed route		34,003,278		39,746,026
Paratransit		8,052,161		8,963,922
Shuttle		241,614		188,913
Debt service		209,597		276,769
Eliminate GASB adjustment for other post employment benefits		1,390,706		(4,382,844)
Eliminate GASB adjustment for pension expense		397,103		(603,657)
Total operating costs		48,532,198		49,373,444
Operating assistance and revenues				
Federal operating and administrative assistance		7,055,374		6,283,734
Other operating assistance		510,297		803,396
Revenues				
Local revenues				
Fixed route		5,090,852		6,713,061
Paratransit		586,382		794,068
Shuttle		12,259		19,539
Advertising		289,959		256,570
Other income		185,894		156,493
Interest		145,760		164,759
Total operating assistance and revenues		13,876,777		15,191,620
Net operating deficit		34,655,421		34,181,824
Increase in reserve for extraordinary expense				
Net cost of service	\$	34,655,421	\$	34,181,824
Local assessments	\$	9,171,583	\$	8,947,886
State contract assistance	Ψ	25,483,838	Ψ	25,233,938
	Φ.		Φ.	
Total	\$	34,655,421	\$	34,181,824

The following nonreimbursable items are not included in the eligible expenses above:

- Depreciation taken on property and equipment purchased with capital grant funding
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's other post employment benefits
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's net pension liabilities



Established 1938 Audit | Tax | Advisory Gary J. Moynihan, CPA Carol J. Leibinger-Healey, CPA David M. Irwin, Jr., CPA Allison L. Bedard, CPA Of Counsel: Richard F. LaFleche, CPA

Vincent T. Viscuso, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Advisory Board of the **PIONEER VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY** 2808 Main Street Springfield, MA 01107

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority, a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pioneer Valley Transit Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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September 17, 2020